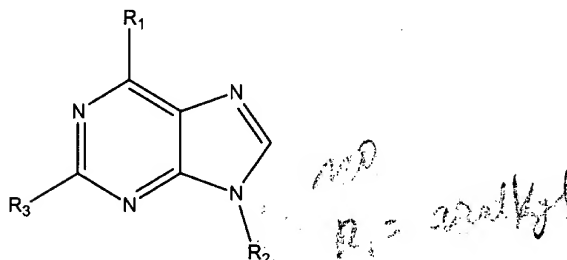


## APPENDIX B

### Clean Copy of the Claims

#### IN THE CLAIMS:

48. (twice amended) A compound having the formula:



wherein:

$R_1$  is  $-X-R_1'$ ; in which  $R_1'$  is lower alkyl, substituted lower alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, hetaryl, or substituted hetaryl, or heterocycle, and X is  $-NH-$  or  $-SO_2-$ ;

$R_2$  is lower alkyl optionally substituted with one, two or three groups selected from hydroxy, lower alkoxy, and halogen; and

$R_3$  is  $-NR_4R_5$ ; in which  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  independently are hydrogen or lower alkyl optionally substituted with one, two or three groups selected from hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen, amino, or carboxyl,

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with the proviso that:

when  $R_1$  is benzyl or phenylethyl, X is  $-NH-$ , and  $R_3$  is  $NR_4R_5$ , in which  $R_4$  is hydrogen and  $R_5$  is lower alkyl of  $C_{1-4}$  substituted by hydroxy or amino,  $R_2$  is not methyl or ethyl;

$R_1$  cannot be cycloalkyl or endo-2-norbornyl when  $R_3$  is halogen, hydroxy, or alkoxy;

$R_2$  and  $R_3$  cannot both be lower alkyl;

when  $R_1'$  is optionally substituted alkyl, the optional alkyl substitution is not heteroaryl;

when R<sub>3</sub> is 2-hydroxyethylamino and R<sub>2</sub> is methyl, R<sub>1</sub>-X is not 3-methyl-2-butenylamino, benzylamino, or m-hydroxybenzyl-amino,  
when R<sub>3</sub> is 2-hydroxyethylamino and R<sub>2</sub> is isopropyl, R<sub>1</sub>-X is not benzylamino, m-hydroxybenzylamino, or 3-methylbutylamino;  
when R<sub>3</sub> is 2-hydroxyethylamino and R<sub>2</sub> is 2-hydroxyethyl, R<sub>1</sub>-X is not benzylamino and  
when R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of 2-methyl-2-hydroxy propylamino and 2 dimethylaminoethylamino and R<sub>2</sub> is methyl, then R<sub>1</sub>-X is not benzylamino;  
or an acid addition salt or cationic salt thereof.

49. The compound of claim 48, wherein X is -NH-.

50. The compound of claim 49, wherein R<sub>1</sub>' is lower alkyl, substituted lower alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, or heterocycle.

Claims 51 and 52 are canceled.

53. The compound of claim 50, wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> independently are hydrogen or lower alkyl substituted with hydroxy or amino.

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54. The compound of claim 53, wherein R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>5</sub> is lower alkyl substituted with amino.

55. The compound of claim 54, wherein R<sub>5</sub> is 2-aminoethyl.

56. The compound of claim 55, wherein  $R_2$  is lower alkyl.
57. The compound of claim 56, wherein  $R_2$  is isopropyl.
58. The compound of claim 57, wherein  $R_1'$  is 4-chlorobenzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, pyridin-3-ylmethyl, or cyclopropylmethyl.
59. The compound of claim 53, wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl substituted with hydroxy.
60. The compound of claim 59, wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are both 2-hydroxyethyl.
61. The compound of claim 60, wherein  $R_2$  is isopropyl.
62. The compound of claim 61, wherein  $R_1'$  is 4-phenylbenzyl, 4-bromobenzyl, 4-bromophenyl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-5-yl, quinolin-6-yl, or quinolin-8-yl.

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Claim 63 and 64 have been canceled.

65. The compound of claim 49, wherein  $R_1'$  is lower alkyl, cycloalkyl, or substituted cycloalkyl,  $R_2$  is lower alkyl, and  $R_3$  is  $-NR_4R_5$ , in which  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  independently are hydrogen or lower alkyl substituted with hydroxy or amino.

66. The compound of claim 65, wherein R<sub>1</sub>' is lower alkyl of 1-8 carbon atoms and R<sub>2</sub> is isopropyl.

67. The compound of claim 65, wherein R<sub>1</sub>' is cycloalkyl of 3-7 carbon atoms and R<sub>2</sub> is isopropyl.

68. A method of inhibiting a cell cycle kinase characterized as CDK2, comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim 48.

Claim 69 has been canceled.

70. The method of claim 68, wherein the inhibition of CDK-2 kinase treats a proliferative disease where pathogenesis involves abnormal cell proliferation.

71. The method of claim 70, wherein the disease state is rheumatoid arthritis, lupus, diabetes, multiple sclerosis, cancer, restenosis, host-vs-graft disease, or gout.

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72. The method of claim 70, wherein the proliferative disease state is cancer.

73. The method of claim 70, wherein the proliferative disease state is restenosis.

Claims 74 and 75 have been canceled.

76. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 48.
77. The compound of claim 59, wherein  $R_4$  is hydrogen and  $R_5$  is 2-hydroxyethyl.
78. The compound of claim 77, wherein  $R_2$  is isopropyl.
79. (Once amended) The compound of claim 78, wherein  $R_1'$  is 4-phenylbenzyl, 4-bromobenzyl, 4-bromophenyl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-5-yl, quinolin-6-yl, or quinolin-8-yl.
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